

Poly[diaquabis[μ_2 -2,4-(dichlorophenoxy)acetato- κ^2 O:O']iron(II)]

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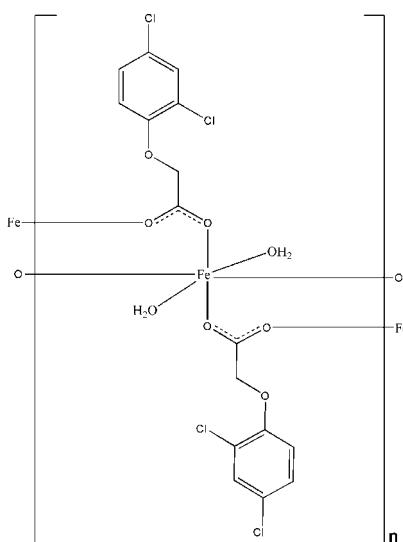
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 296$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$ Å;
R factor = 0.035; wR factor = 0.097; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.5.

In the title compound, $[\text{Fe}(\text{C}_8\text{H}_5\text{Cl}_2\text{O}_3)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]_n$, the Fe^{II} atom is located on an inversion center. It is coordinated by four O atoms from four 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetate ligands and two water molecules, displaying a distorted octahedral geometry. The carboxylate groups of the 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetate ligands link the Fe atoms, forming a polymeric layered network in the bc plane. Intralayer O—H···O hydrogen bonds enhance the stability of the two-dimensional network.

Related literature

For background on supramolecular networks, see: Eddaoudi *et al.* (2001); Rizk *et al.* (2005).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[\text{Fe}(\text{C}_8\text{H}_5\text{Cl}_2\text{O}_3)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]$	$V = 1031.0$ (2) Å ³
$M_r = 531.92$	$Z = 2$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 17.604$ (2) Å	$\mu = 1.29$ mm ⁻¹
$b = 7.3122$ (8) Å	$T = 296$ (2) K
$c = 8.0312$ (9) Å	$0.23 \times 0.21 \times 0.20$ mm
$\beta = 94.258$ (2)°	

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer	5059 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2001)	1849 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.756$, $T_{\max} = 0.782$	1675 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.021$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.034$	137 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.097$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.05$	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.48$ e Å ⁻³
1849 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.48$ e Å ⁻³

Table 1
Selected geometric parameters (Å, °).

Fe1—O3 ⁱ	2.1654 (17)	Fe1—O1W	2.2297 (18)
Fe1—O2	2.1697 (16)		
O3 ⁱ —Fe1—O2	80.18 (6)	O3 ⁱⁱ —Fe1—O1W	90.64 (7)
O3 ⁱⁱ —Fe1—O2	99.82 (6)	O2 ⁱⁱⁱ —Fe1—O1W	91.25 (7)
O3 ⁱ —Fe1—O1W	89.36 (7)	O2—Fe1—O1W	88.75 (7)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$; (iii) $-x, -y + 1, -z + 1$.

Table 2
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
O1W—H1W···O1 ^{iv}	0.82	2.41	3.051 (3)	135
O1W—H2W···O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.82	2.08	2.797 (3)	145

Symmetry codes: (iii) $-x, -y + 1, -z + 1$; (iv) $x, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HY2149).

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supplementary materials

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Comment

The design, synthesis, characterization and properties of supramolecular networks formed by using functionalized organic molecules as bridges between metal centers are of great interest (Eddaoudi *et al.*, 2001; Rizk *et al.*, 2005). As a building block, 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetate is an excellent candidate for the construction of supramolecular complexes. Recently, we obtained the title compound, a new coordination polymer.

In the title compound, the Fe^{II} atom is located on an inversion center and coordinated by four O atoms from four 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetate ligands and two water molecules in an octahedral geometry (Fig. 1; Table 1). The Fe^{II} atoms are linked by 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetate ligands to form a polymeric layered network in the *bc*-plane (Fig. 2). The two-dimensional network is further stabilized by intralayer O—H···O hydrogen bonds involving the coordinated water molecules and the O atoms from the ligands (Table 2). The adjacent Fe···Fe separation is 5.431 (4) Å.

Experimental

A mixture of FeCl_2 (0.127 g, 1 mmol), 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid (0.221 g, 1 mmol), NaOH (0.04 g, 1 mmol) and water (10 ml) was stirred vigorously for 20 min, and then sealed in a 20 ml Teflon-lined stainless steel autoclave. The autoclave was heated to and maintained at 433 K for 2 d, and then cooled to room temperature at 5 K h⁻¹ to afford red block crystals.

Refinement

H atoms of water molecule were located in difference Fourier maps and fixed with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{O})$. C-bound H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined as riding atoms, with C—H = 0.97 (CH₂) and 0.93 (CH) Å and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$.

Figures

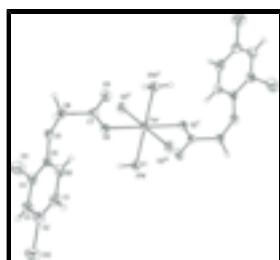


Fig. 1. The asymmetric unit of the title compound, together with symmetry-related atoms to complete the coordination units. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. [Symmetry codes: (i)-x, 1-y, 1-z; (ii) x, 1/2-y, 1/2+z; (iii) -x, 1/2+y, 1/2-z.]

supplementary materials

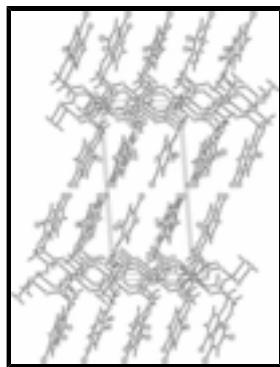


Fig. 2. View of the two-dimensional network in the title compound.

Poly[diaquaabis[μ₂-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)acetato-κ²O:O']iron(II)]

Crystal data

[Fe(C ₈ H ₅ Cl ₂ O ₃) ₂ (H ₂ O) ₂]	$F_{000} = 536$
$M_r = 531.92$	$D_x = 1.714 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	$\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
$a = 17.604 (2) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 6377 reflections
$b = 7.3122 (8) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 1.7\text{--}28.0^\circ$
$c = 8.0312 (9) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 1.29 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\beta = 94.258 (2)^\circ$	$T = 296 (2) \text{ K}$
$V = 1031.0 (2) \text{ \AA}^3$	Block, colourless
$Z = 2$	$0.23 \times 0.21 \times 0.20 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer	1849 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	1675 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Monochromator: graphite	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.021$
$T = 296(2) \text{ K}$	$\theta_{\max} = 25.2^\circ$
φ and ω scan	$\theta_{\min} = 2.3^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2001)	$h = -21 \rightarrow 17$
$T_{\min} = 0.756$, $T_{\max} = 0.782$	$k = -8 \rightarrow 8$
5059 measured reflections	$l = -9 \rightarrow 9$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.034$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.097$	$w = 1/[σ^2(F_o^2) + (0.0473P)^2 + 1.0193P]$

$S = 1.05$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
1849 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
137 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.49 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.48 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
	Extinction correction: none

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Fe1	0.0000	0.5000	0.5000	0.03073 (17)
Cl1	0.30460 (6)	0.78166 (12)	0.11801 (14)	0.0735 (3)
Cl2	0.46770 (6)	0.2467 (2)	0.43433 (14)	0.0928 (4)
C5	0.24797 (14)	0.4477 (4)	0.1746 (3)	0.0356 (6)
C4	0.31062 (16)	0.5621 (4)	0.1975 (4)	0.0431 (6)
C1	0.32151 (18)	0.2103 (5)	0.3170 (4)	0.0530 (8)
H1	0.3253	0.0913	0.3575	0.064*
C6	0.25386 (16)	0.2715 (4)	0.2358 (4)	0.0435 (6)
H6	0.2122	0.1932	0.2226	0.052*
C2	0.38251 (18)	0.3256 (5)	0.3371 (4)	0.0565 (8)
C3	0.37794 (18)	0.5028 (5)	0.2792 (4)	0.0553 (8)
H3	0.4195	0.5812	0.2948	0.066*
O1	0.18551 (10)	0.5189 (2)	0.0859 (2)	0.0385 (4)
O2	0.07809 (9)	0.4569 (2)	0.3070 (2)	0.0323 (4)
C7	0.07058 (13)	0.3655 (3)	0.1753 (3)	0.0277 (5)
C8	0.12459 (15)	0.3979 (4)	0.0403 (3)	0.0367 (6)
H8A	0.1456	0.2812	0.0092	0.044*
H8B	0.0958	0.4467	-0.0575	0.044*
O3	0.01927 (10)	0.2497 (2)	0.1419 (2)	0.0407 (4)
O1W	0.09385 (11)	0.6384 (3)	0.6535 (2)	0.0416 (4)
H1W	0.1227	0.6879	0.5917	0.062*
H2W	0.0708	0.7130	0.7070	0.062*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Fe1	0.0341 (3)	0.0280 (3)	0.0304 (3)	0.00233 (19)	0.0045 (2)	0.00195 (19)
Cl1	0.0771 (6)	0.0489 (5)	0.0935 (7)	-0.0269 (4)	-0.0007 (5)	0.0116 (4)
Cl2	0.0567 (6)	0.1397 (11)	0.0803 (7)	0.0293 (6)	-0.0068 (5)	0.0080 (7)
C5	0.0338 (13)	0.0400 (13)	0.0344 (13)	-0.0029 (11)	0.0113 (10)	-0.0048 (11)
C4	0.0430 (15)	0.0433 (15)	0.0439 (15)	-0.0095 (12)	0.0089 (12)	-0.0045 (12)
C1	0.0574 (19)	0.0538 (18)	0.0493 (17)	0.0108 (15)	0.0136 (14)	0.0055 (14)
C6	0.0434 (15)	0.0410 (15)	0.0474 (16)	-0.0046 (12)	0.0119 (12)	0.0001 (12)
C2	0.0435 (17)	0.081 (2)	0.0451 (17)	0.0115 (16)	0.0060 (13)	-0.0031 (16)
C3	0.0384 (16)	0.073 (2)	0.0546 (18)	-0.0126 (15)	0.0041 (13)	-0.0088 (16)
O1	0.0344 (10)	0.0370 (10)	0.0444 (10)	-0.0064 (7)	0.0052 (8)	0.0011 (8)
O2	0.0327 (9)	0.0342 (9)	0.0305 (9)	-0.0017 (7)	0.0056 (7)	-0.0074 (7)
C7	0.0291 (12)	0.0234 (11)	0.0305 (12)	0.0049 (9)	0.0025 (9)	0.0012 (9)

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C8	0.0369 (13)	0.0429 (15)	0.0306 (12)	-0.0072 (11)	0.0052 (10)	-0.0047 (11)
O3	0.0423 (10)	0.0358 (10)	0.0456 (11)	-0.0128 (8)	0.0140 (8)	-0.0149 (8)
O1W	0.0415 (11)	0.0412 (10)	0.0419 (10)	-0.0042 (9)	0.0030 (8)	-0.0053 (9)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

Fe1—O3 ⁱ	2.1654 (17)	C1—H1	0.9300
Fe1—O3 ⁱⁱ	2.1654 (17)	C6—H6	0.9300
Fe1—O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.1697 (16)	C2—C3	1.377 (5)
Fe1—O2	2.1697 (16)	C3—H3	0.9300
Fe1—O1W	2.2297 (18)	O1—C8	1.417 (3)
Fe1—O1W ⁱⁱⁱ	2.2297 (18)	O2—C7	1.250 (3)
Cl1—C4	1.728 (3)	C7—O3	1.253 (3)
Cl2—C2	1.737 (3)	C7—C8	1.513 (3)
C5—O1	1.368 (3)	C8—H8A	0.9700
C5—C6	1.380 (4)	C8—H8B	0.9700
C5—C4	1.386 (4)	O3—Fe1 ^{iv}	2.1654 (17)
C4—C3	1.381 (4)	O1W—H1W	0.8200
C1—C2	1.365 (5)	O1W—H2W	0.8200
C1—C6	1.389 (4)		
O3 ⁱ —Fe1—O3 ⁱⁱ	180.0	C6—C1—H1	120.1
O3 ⁱ —Fe1—O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	99.82 (6)	C5—C6—C1	120.5 (3)
O3 ⁱⁱ —Fe1—O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	80.18 (6)	C5—C6—H6	119.8
O3 ⁱ —Fe1—O2	80.18 (6)	C1—C6—H6	119.8
O3 ⁱⁱ —Fe1—O2	99.82 (6)	C1—C2—C3	121.0 (3)
O2 ⁱⁱⁱ —Fe1—O2	180.0	C1—C2—Cl2	119.5 (3)
O3 ⁱ —Fe1—O1W	89.36 (7)	C3—C2—Cl2	119.4 (3)
O3 ⁱⁱ —Fe1—O1W	90.64 (7)	C2—C3—C4	118.8 (3)
O2 ⁱⁱⁱ —Fe1—O1W	91.25 (7)	C2—C3—H3	120.6
O2—Fe1—O1W	88.75 (7)	C4—C3—H3	120.6
O3 ⁱ —Fe1—O1W ⁱⁱⁱ	90.64 (7)	C5—O1—C8	117.4 (2)
O3 ⁱⁱ —Fe1—O1W ⁱⁱⁱ	89.36 (7)	C7—O2—Fe1	130.51 (15)
O2 ⁱⁱⁱ —Fe1—O1W ⁱⁱⁱ	88.75 (7)	O2—C7—O3	124.9 (2)
O2—Fe1—O1W ⁱⁱⁱ	91.25 (7)	O2—C7—C8	119.4 (2)
O1W—Fe1—O1W ⁱⁱⁱ	180.00 (7)	O3—C7—C8	115.7 (2)
O1—C5—C6	125.3 (2)	O1—C8—C7	114.6 (2)
O1—C5—C4	116.1 (2)	O1—C8—H8A	108.6
C6—C5—C4	118.6 (3)	C7—C8—H8A	108.6
C3—C4—C5	121.3 (3)	O1—C8—H8B	108.6
C3—C4—Cl1	119.6 (2)	C7—C8—H8B	108.6
C5—C4—Cl1	119.0 (2)	H8A—C8—H8B	107.6
C2—C1—C6	119.7 (3)	C7—O3—Fe1 ^{iv}	139.91 (16)
C2—C1—H1	120.1	H1W—O1W—H2W	112

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, y+1/2, -z+1/2$; (ii) $x, -y+1/2, z+1/2$; (iii) $-x, -y+1, -z+1$; (iv) $-x, y-1/2, -z+1/2$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
O1W—H1W···O1 ^v	0.82	2.41	3.051 (3)	135
O1W—H2W···O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.82	2.08	2.797 (3)	145

Symmetry codes: (v) $x, -y+3/2, z+1/2$; (iii) $-x, -y+1, -z+1$.

supplementary materials

Fig. 1

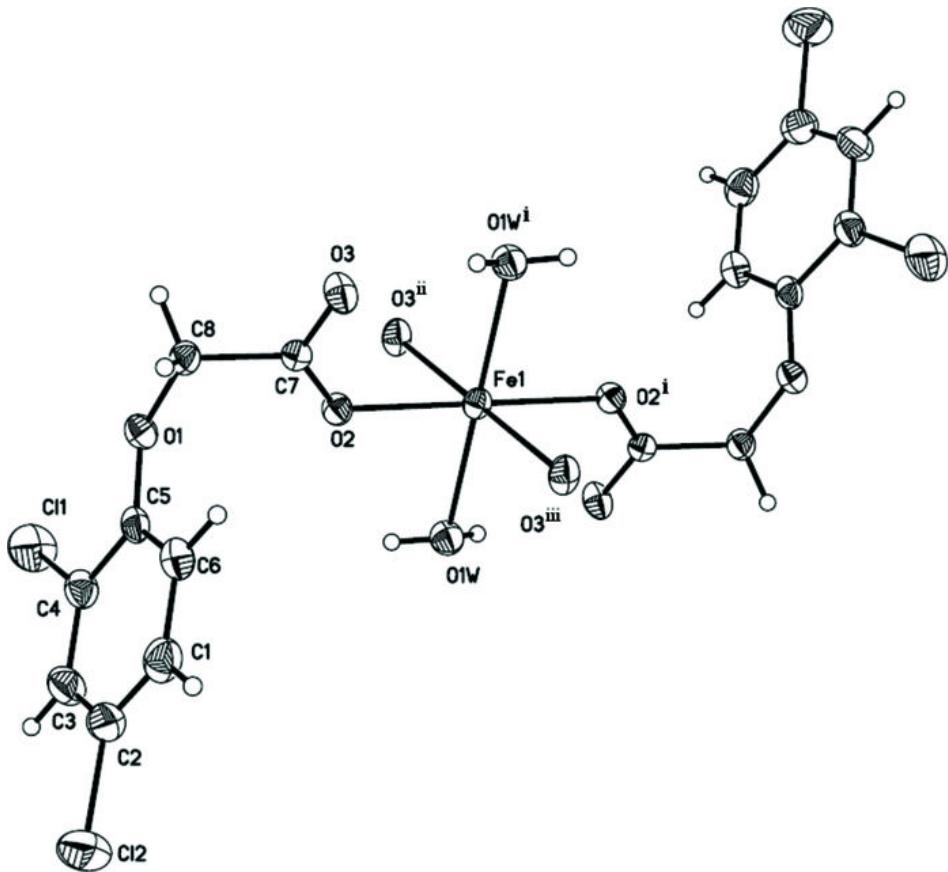


Fig. 2

